

**Class-II**  
**Subject - English**

**Text - Lesson 1.**

**Smile**

**Read the lesson**

The lesson is about a tiger whose name was Augustus. He was sad because he had lost his smile. He did a huge tiger stretch and set off to find it. First he crept under a cluster of bushes. He found a small, shiny beetle, but he could not see his smile. Then, he climbed to the top of a tree. He found birds that chirped, but he could not find his smile. Augustus searched in many places. He climbed a high mountain, swam into the bottom of the sea and walked through the desert but could not find his smile any where. Augustus walked further. It started to rain. He started to dance and run. He splashed through puddles. He raced towards a huge silver-blue puddle and saw, there under his nose, his smile! He did not have to swim with the fish or dance in the puddle, or climb the mountain or cross the desert to find his smile. It was always with him! Augustus was so happy that he hopped and skipped and jumped away, smiling, he ran all the way home.

**I. Learn the Word meanings:-**

1. Set off - start off
2. Crept- moved slowly and quietly
3. Freezing - very cold
4. Shoals - large number of fish swimming together
5. Puddles - small pools of rain water

**II. Make sentences using the following words.**

1. Cluster - \_\_\_\_\_
2. Smile - \_\_\_\_\_

**III. Learn the following answers.**

Q1. *He did a huge tiger stretch and set off to find it.*

What did Augustus set off to find?

Ans. 1. Augustus did a huge tiger stretch and set off to find his smile.

Q2. Which place did Augustus visit on his journey?

Ans.2. Augustus visited -

- (a) under a cluster of bushes.
- (b) the top of a tree.
- (c) a high mountain.
- (d) the bottom of the sea
- (e) the desert.

Q3. Why could Augustus not see his smile?

Ans. 3. Augustus could not see his smile because it was under his nose.

Q. 4. When did Augustus start to dance and race?

Ans. 4. Augustus started to dance and race when the rain drops bounced and flew.

## **Grammar - Lesson 1. About Word**

- . A **word** is a group of letters that are written in a certain order.
- . A **word** is the smallest unit of language which has a meaning.
- . Words may describe persons, places, objects, actions or ideas.


Here are some examples of words and the things they describe :


Mahatma Gandhi	(person)
Agra	(place)
Book	(object)
Eat	(action)
Respect	(idea)


Word made by joining two different words are called **Compound Words**,


e. g. foot+ball = football.


Q. 1. Fill in the missing letters to complete the names of the following pictures.


1.  a \_ \_ \_ e


2.  g \_ \_ \_ s


3.  m \_ \_ \_ o


4.  b \_ \_ \_ a


5.  r \_ \_ e


6.  l \_ \_ y


7.  t \_ \_ \_ p

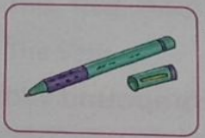
8.  l \_ \_ \_ s

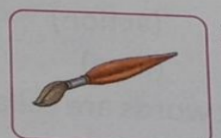
9.  l \_ \_ n


10.  g \_ \_ t

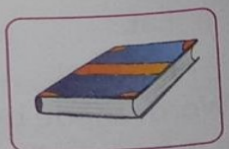
11.  b \_ \_ r


12.  m \_ \_ \_ y


13.  p \_ \_ n


14.  b \_ \_ \_ h


15.  e \_ \_ \_ r


16.  b \_ \_ k

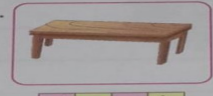
17.  e \_ \_ e


18.  c \_ \_ e

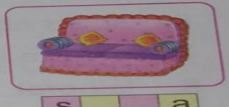
19.  o \_ l

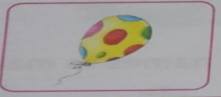
20.  c \_ w


21.  c \_ \_ r


22.  d \_ \_ k

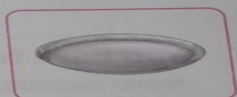
23.  s \_ \_ l

24.  s \_ \_ a



25.  b \_ \_ \_ n



26.  b \_ \_ \_ t



27.  k \_ \_ e



28.  p \_ \_ e



Q.2 Combine the names to make new words ( Compound Words)



1.  +  \_\_\_\_\_



2.  +  \_\_\_\_\_



3.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

4.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

5.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

6.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

7.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

8.  +  \_\_\_\_\_

Q. 3. Match the following Compound Words :

1. Basket	a. Light
2. Ground	b. Fly
3. Moon	c. Brush
4. Sun	d. Watch
5. Butter	e. Mat
6. Wrist	f. Nut
7. Tea	g. Shine
8. Tooth	h. Pane
9. Door	i. Ball
10. Window	j. Spoon

